### 30.601

CFAO for the subcontractor shall provide this determination to the CFAO for the contractor or next higher-tier subcontractor. The higher-tier CFAO shall not change the determination of the lower-tier CFAO.

(b) Any determination that it is impractical to secure a subcontractor's Disclosure Statement must be made in accordance with 48 CFR 9903.202-2 (FAR appendix).

[57 FR 39587, Aug. 31, 1992, as amended at 61 FR 18918, Apr. 29, 1996; 62 FR 40237, July 25, 1997; 70 FR 11753, Mar. 9, 2005]

# Subpart 30.3—CAS Rules and Regulations [Reserved]

NOTE: See 48 CFR 9903.3 (FAR appendix).

## Subpart 30.4—Cost Accounting Standards [Reserved]

NOTE: See 48 CFR part 9904 (FAR appendix).

### Subpart 30.5—Cost Accounting Standards for Educational Institutions [Reserved]

NOTE: See 48 CFR part 9905 (FAR appendix).

## Subpart 30.6—CAS Administration

SOURCE: 70 FR 11753, Mar. 9, 2005, unless otherwise noted.

### 30.601 Responsibility.

- (a) The CFAO shall perform CAS administration for all contracts and subcontracts in a business unit, even when the contracting officer retains other administration functions. The CFAO shall make all CAS-related required determinations and findings (see Subpart 1.7) for all CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts, including—
- (1) Whether a change in cost accounting practice or noncompliance has occurred; and
- (2) If a change in cost accounting practice or noncompliance has occurred, how any resulting cost impacts are resolved.
- (b) Within 30 days after the award of any new contract subject to CAS, the contracting officer making the award

shall request the CFAO to perform administration for CAS matters (see Subpart 42.2). For subcontract awards, the contractor awarding the subcontract must follow the procedures at 52.230–6(1), (m), and (n).

(c) In performing CAS administration, the CFAO shall request and consider the advice of the auditor as appropriate (see 1.602–2).

[70 FR 11753, Mar. 9, 2005, as amended at 73 FR 10967, Feb. 28, 2008]

#### 30.602 Materiality.

- (a) In determining materiality, the CFAO shall use the criteria in 48 CFR 9903.305 (FAR Appendix).
- (b) A CFAO determination of materiality—  $\,$
- (1) May be made before or after a general dollar magnitude proposal has been submitted, depending on the particular facts and circumstances; and
- (2) Shall be based on adequate documentation.
- (c) When the CFAO determines the cost impact is immaterial, the CFAO shall—
- (1) Make no contract adjustments and conclude the cost impact process;
- (2) Document the rationale for the determination; and
- (3) In the case of noncompliance issues, inform the contractor that—
- (i) The noncompliance should be corrected; and
- (ii) If the noncompliance is not corrected, the Government reserves the right to make appropriate contract adjustments should the cost impact become material in the future.
- (d) For required, unilateral, and desirable changes, and CAS noncompliances, when the amount involved is material, the CFAO shall follow the applicable provisions in 30.603, 30.604, 30.605, and 30.606.

[70 FR 11753, Mar. 9, 2005, as amended at 73 FR 10967, Feb. 28, 2008]

## 30.603 Changes to disclosed or established cost accounting practices.

## 30.603-1 Required changes.

(a) General. Offerors shall state whether or not the award of a contract would require a change to an established cost accounting practice affecting existing contracts and subcontracts